

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

#### **Trade name**

NP 10 various col

# Product no.

NP10

#### **REACH registration number**

Not applicable

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Industrial use

### **Uses advised against**

•

The full text of any mentioned and identified use categories are given in section 16

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### **Company and address**

HBC System Smarttool Production ApS

Hobrovej 961-963

9530 Stövring

Denmark

tel:+45 70 22 70 70

#### **Contact person**

Vibeke Jørgensen

#### E-mail

info@hbc-system.com

#### **SDS** date

2016-05-26

### **SDS Version**

3.0

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Use your national or local emergency number

See section 4 "First aid measures"

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol 3; H229 Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

See full text of H-phrases in section 2.2.

### 2.2. Label elements

### **Hazard pictogram(s)**





### Hazard statement(s)

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. (H229)

Flammable liquid and vapour. (H226)

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H412)

General

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. (P210).

Safety Sources. No shoking. (P210).

Avoid release to the environment. (P273).

Response In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam/carbonic acid/powder/water

mist/carbon dioxide/dry sand to extinguish. (P370+P378).

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235).

Disposal Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. (P501).

Identity of the substances primarily responsible for the major health hazards

2.3. Other hazards

This product contains an organic solvent. Repeated exposure to organic solvents can result in damage to the nervous system and inner organs, such as the liver and kidneys.

### **Additional labelling**

# **Additional warnings**

voc

VOC-MAX: 180 g/l, MAXIMUM VOC CONTENT (B/d): 420 g/l.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### **▼3.1/3.2.** Substances/Mixtures

NAME: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 108-65-6 EC-no: 203-603-9 REACH-no: 01-2119475791-29-xxxx Index-no: 607-195-00-

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CONTENT: 5-10%
CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 3
H226

NOTE: S

NAME: n-butyl acetate

IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 123-86-4 EC-no: 204-658-1 REACH-no: 01-2119485493-29 Index-no: 607-025-00-1

CONTENT: 3-5%

CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3 H226, H336, EUH066

NOTE: S

NAME: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A complex combi

IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 64742-95-6 EC-no: 265-199-0 Index-no: 649-356-00-4

CONTENT: 1-3%

CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2

H226, H304, H315, H335, H336, H411

NAME: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CAS-no: 95-63-6 EC-no: 202-436-9 Index-no: 601-043-00-3

CONTENT: 1-3%

CLP CLASSIFICATION: Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 4, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Aquatic Chronic 2

H226, H315, H319, H332, H335, H411

NOTE: S

(\*) See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available. S = Organic solvent

### Other informations

ATEmix(inhale, vapour) > 20 ATEmix(inhale, dust/mist) > 20000 ATEmix(dermal) > 2000 ATEmix(oral) > 2000

Eye Cat. 2 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = 0.12 - 0.18



Skin Cat. 2 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = 0,56 - 0,84 N chronic (CAT 3) Sum = Sum(Ci/M(chronic)i\*25\*0.1\*10^CATi) = 1,28 - 1,92

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor, if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms continue. Never give an unconscious person water or similar.

#### Inhalation

Get the injured person into fresh air. Make sure there is always someone with the injured person. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If the person stops breathing, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person onto side with the top leg bent at both knee and hip. Call an ambulance.

#### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes at once. Skin that has come in contact with the material must be washed thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

#### **Eve contact**

Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor.

# Ingestion

Give the person plenty to drink and stay with the person. If the person feels unwell, contact a doctor immediately and take this safety data sheet or the label from the product with you. Do not induce vomiting unless recommended by the doctor. Hold head facing down so that no vomit runs back into the mouth and throat.

### **Burns**

Rinse with water until the pain stops and continue for 30 minutes.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No special

### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbonic acid, powder, water mist. Water jets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, as in the case of fire, dangerous catabolic substances are produced. These are: Carbon oxides. Fire will result in thick black smoke. Exposure to catabolic products can damage your health. Fire fighters should use proper protection gear. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not let fire-extinguishing water run into sewers and other water courses.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stores that have not ignited must be cooled by water mist. Where possible, remove flammable materials. Make sure there is sufficient ventilation.



### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of a leakage to the surroundings, contact the local environmental authorities. Consider putting up waste collecting trays/basins to prevent leakage to the surroundings.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, sawdust, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations. Cleaning should be done as far as possible using normal cleaning agents. Solvents should be avoided.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section on "Disposal considerations" with regard to the handling of waste. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for protective measures.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Consider putting up waste collecting trays/basins to prevent leakage to the surroundings. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for information on personal protection.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always store in containers of the same material as the original. Must be stored in a cool and ventilated area, away from possible sources of combustion.

### Storage temperature

No data available.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications described in Section 1.2

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### **OEL**

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (EH40, 2011)
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 20 ppm | 100 mg/m3
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): - ppm | - mg/m3

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point... (AT, 2008)
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): - ppm | 5 mg/m3
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): - ppm | 10 mg/m3

xylene (EH40/2005, 2008)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 50 ppm | 220 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 100 ppm | 441 mg/m3

Comments: Sk BMGV (Bmgv = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.)

n-butyl acetate (EH40/2005, 2008)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 150 ppm | 724 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 200 ppm | 966 mg/m3

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (EH40/2005, 2008)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 50 ppm | 274 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 100 ppm | 548 mg/m3

Comments: Sk (Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.)

#### **V**DNEL / PNEC

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term - Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term - Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

### According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH)



Duration of Exposure: Long term - Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term - Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term - Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - General population

DNEL (xylene): 77mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term - Systemic effects

Remarks: workers

DNEL (xylene): 389mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Short term - Local effects

Remarks: workers- irritation

DNEL (xylene): 180 mg/kg bw/day

Exposure: Dermal

Duration of Exposure: Long term - Systemic effects

Remarks: workers

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 35,6 mg/L Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,18 mg/L

Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,018 mg/L

Exposure: Marine water

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,36 mg/L Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,981 mg/kg Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,0981 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,09903 mg/kg

Exposure: Soil

PNEC (xylene): 0,327 mg/L Exposure: Freshwater

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the stated exposure limits values should be checked on a regular basis.

#### **General recommendations**

Observe general occupational hygiene.

#### **Exposure scenarios**

If there is an appendix to this safety data sheet, the indicated exposure scenarios must be complied.

#### **Exposure limits**

Trade users are covered by the rules of the working environment legislation on maximum concentrations for exposure. See work hygiene threshold values below.

### **Appropriate technical measures**

Airborne gas and dust concentrations must be kept as low as possible and below the current threshold values (see below). Use for example an exhaust system if the normal air flow in the work room is not



sufficient. Make sure that eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

### **Hygiene measures**

Whenever you take a break in using this product and when you have finished using it, all exposed areas of the body must be washed. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

### Measures to avoid environmental exposure

No specific requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



### Generally

Use only CE marked protective equipment.

# **Respiratory Equipment**

Recommended: AX. Brown

### **Skin protection**

No specific requirements.

#### **Hand protection**

Recommended: butyl rubber. : NA

### Eye protection

Use safety glasses with a side shield.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Colour Odour pH Viscosity Density (g/cm3)

Liquid Colourless Characteristic - - -

Phase changes

Melting point (°C) Boiling point (°C) Vapour pressure (mm Hg)

37,78

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flashpoint (°C) Ignition (°C) Self ignition (°C)

33 - -

Explosion limits (Vol %) Oxidizing properties

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**Solubility** 

Solubility in water n-octanol/water coefficient

Insoluble -

9.2. Other information

Solubility in fat Additional information

- N/A

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in the section on "Handling and storage".

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No special

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid static electricity. Do not expose to heat (e.g. sunlight), because it can lead to excess pressure.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reductants agents.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**



### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Substance	Species	Test	Route of exposure	Result
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Rat	LC50	Oral	5000 mg/kg
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	18000 mg/m3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Rat	LD50	Oral	8400 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Rabbit	LD50	Dermal	3,48 g/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Oral	10768 g/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Oral	> 6400 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	2000 ppm
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	21.1 mg/l/4h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	Rat	LD50	Oral	8532 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	Rabbit	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	Guinea pig	LD50	Intraperitoneal	750 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

No data available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

# **STOT-single exposure**

No data available.

### STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

### Long term effects

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Species	Test	Test duration	Result
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Crustacean	LC50	96 H	5100 µg/L
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Fish	LC50	96 H	5000 μg/L
n-butyl acetate	Daphnia	EC50	24 H	205 mg/L
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	96 H	100 mg/L
n-butyl acetate	Crustacean	LC50	48 h	32000 ug/L
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	Fish	LC50	96 h	120 ug/L

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance Biodegradability Test Result No data available No data available

# **▼ 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

Substance	Potential bioaccumulation	LogPow	BFC
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Yes	3,63	120
xylene	Yes	No data available	No data available
n-butyl acetate	No	1,78	No data available
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat	No	0.56	No data available

## 12.4. Mobility in soil



1,2,4-trimethylbenzene: Log Koc= 2,952997, Calculated from LogPow (Moderate mobility potential.). n-butyl acetate: Log Koc= 1,487982, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.). 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetat...: Log Koc= 0,521864, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.).

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

This product contains ecotoxic substances which can have damaging effects on water-organisms. This product contains substances which can cause undesirable long-term effects in the water environment, due to its poor biodegradability. This product contains substances which can accumulate in the food chain because they are bioaccumulative substances. Bioaccumulative substances can accumulate in fat tissue and are not easily secreted.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product is covered by the regulations on dangerous waste.

#### Waste

EWC code 08 01 11 Specific labelling

### Contaminated packing

Packaging which contains leftovers from the product must be disposed of in the same way as the product.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

This product is covered by the conventions on dangerous goods.

#### 14.1 - 14.4 ADR/RID

14.1. UN number 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III
Notes Tunnel restriction code D/E

### **IMDG**

**UN-no.** 1263

Proper Shipping Name

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

 Class

 PG\*
 III

 EmS
 F-E, S-E

 MP\*\*\*
 Yes

 Hazardous constituent
 3

# VIATA/ICAO

UN-no.

**Proper Shipping Name** 

Class PG\*

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

This product contains substances which can cause undesirable long-term effects in the water environment, due to its poor biodegradability.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

- (\*) Packing group
- (\*\*) Marine pollutant



### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **Restrictions for application**

People under the age of 18 must not be exposed to this product cf. Council Directive 94/33/EC. **Demands for specific education** 

#### Additional information

#### Sources

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/85/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.

Council Directive 75/324/EEC of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.

IDirective 2004/42/CE of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products and amending Directive 1999/13/EC.

EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

EC regulation 1907/2006 (REACH).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

# Other symbols mentioned in section 2



# Other

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version)) is marked with a blue triangle.

### The safety data sheet is validated by

kbb

Date of last essential change (First cipher in SDS version) 2015-11-12

Date of last minor change (Last cipher in SDS version)



2015-11-12

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